

GEO TECHNICAL INVESTIGATION REPORT

REPORT No.: **GT / 3355 – 1 / 2024-25**

PROJECT: Proposed Building "Tamanna Havens" in

MES Colony, Ram Nagar, Hyderabad

CLIENT: M/s AVISON Properties

DURATION: April 2024

GEOTECHNICAL GEO TECHNOLOGIES

ISO 9001:2015 COMPANY

5-83/B, V. V. NAGAR

HABSIGUDA, STREET No. 8

HYDERABAD - 500 007

Tele/Fax: 040 - 42217757; M: 9347275255

Email: geotech999@gmail.com

Website: www.geotechnologies.in



CONTENTS

S.NO.	TITLE	PAGE
1.	INTRODUCTION	3
2.	FIELD INVESTIGATIONS	3
3.	LABORATORY TESTING	4
4.	RESULTS	4
5.	SUBSOIL PROFILE	4
6	RECOMMENDATIONS	5
7.	TABLE-1: Results of tests on soil samples	6
8.	APPENDIX: Calculations for SBC	6
9.	FIG-1: Site plan showing BH location	
10.	FIG-2: Bore Log diagram	
11.	Annexure-1: Field Bore Log charts	
12.	Annexure-2: BIS (IS) Codes	



1. INTRODUCTION

M/s Avison Properties LLP have engaged M/s Geo Technologies as Consultant to carryout geotechnical investigation work for the proposed building "Tamanna Havens" in MES Colony, Ram Nagar, Hyderabad.

Soil investigation was conducted by drilling one (1) borehole.

This report presents the results and recommendations for foundations.

2. FIELD INVESTIGATIONS

DRILLING:

The bore hole was drilled at the location specified by the client (Fig.1).

Rotary Drilling was performed as per IS: 1892. The size of the casing used was 150 / 90 mm.

The following information was collected during the drilling operations:

- Nature of strata - Details of soil samples

Colour of Return Water
 Rate of drilling

STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (SPT):

Standard Penetration Tests were conducted at 1.5 m depth intervals in soil, in accordance with IS: 2131-1981. Soil samples were carefully extracted from the split-spoon sampler and preserved in polythene bags.

SAMPLES:

Soil samples were collected as per IS: 2132. All the samples collected from the bore hole were properly packed, labeled and transported to Geo Technologies Soil Testing Laboratory at Hyderabad.

FIELD BORE LOGS:

All the details collected from the field operations are presented in Log of Bore hole in Annexure-1 at the end of this Report. These logs contain depth wise strata details, depth and type of soil samples collected, results of Standard Penetration Tests and color of return water etc.

3



3. LABORATORY TESTING

The following tests were performed on the Soil samples:

- Specific gravity
- Density
- Grain size distribution
- Shear tests

All the tests were conducted in accordance with IS: 2720 (Methods of Tests for Soils). No cores were recovered in SDR strata.

4. RESULTS

Fig. 1 gives the site plan showing the location of the borehole.

Fig. 2 gives the bore log.

Table 1 gives the results of lab tests of soil samples.

Appendix gives the typical calculations for SBC.

Annexure-1 gives the field bore log chart.

Annexure-2 gives the BIS Codes.

5. SUBSOIL PROFILE

The subsoil profile in Ithe borehole is as follows:

Depth below NGL, m	Strata	N value			
0.0 – 1.5	Filling	-			
1.5 – 4.5	Silty gravel	30 – 50			
4.5 – 10.0	Soft Disintegrated Rock (SDR)	>50			

At the time of drilling, no water table was seen in the borehole.

4

6. RECOMMENDATIONS

The following recommendations are made for the proposed building "Tamanna Havens" in MES Colony, Ram Nagar, Hyderabad. These are based on drilling of a single bore hole.

Subsoil Profile:

1. The subsoil profile in the borehole is as follows:

Depth below NGL, m	Strata	N value			
0.0 – 1.5	Filling	-			
1.5 – 4.5	Silty gravel	30 – 50			
4.5 – 10.0	Soft Disintegrated Rock (SDR)	>50			

2. At the time of drilling, no water table was seen in the borehole.

Foundations and SBC:

- 3. Open foundations (Isolated footings) are recommended at 2.5 m depth below EGL, to be rested in silty gravel.
- SBC for foundations is recommended as 25 t/m².
- 5. All Foundations should be back-filled with well-compacted gravelly morum.

For **GEO TECHNOLOGIES**

Dr. D. BABU RAO

M.E., Ph.D. (USA), FIE, MIGS

Former Professor & Head of Civil Engineering

Principal Geotechnical Consultant

(Dr. N. VENKAT RAO)

M.Sc. Tech., Ph.D. FAEG, MIGS

Former Professor & Head of Geophysics Geological Consultant & Proprietor



Project: Proposed building "Tamanna Havens" in MES Colony, Ram Nagar, Hyderabad

TABLE-1: RESULTS OF TESTS ON SOIL SAMPLES

BH No.				Υ	Gra	in Siz	Shear Parameters		
	D, m	Soil	Sp. Gr.	kN / m³	Gr	Sa	Si+ Cl	С	Φ
					%	%	%	kN/m²	deg
BH-1	1.5	Silty gravel	-	-	36	34	30	12	31
	3.0	Silty gravel	-	18.8	42	30	25	11	33

Appendix: Typical Calculation of SBC

Foundations in Silty gravel at 2.0 m depth:

Based on 'N' Values:

a) Shear criterion:

Allowable bearing pressure is estimated (with F.S. = 3.0) using the equation

 $q (Allowable) = 1/18 [2 \times N \times N B Rw + 6 (100 + N \times N) D Rq] where,$

N = Corrected SPT Value is taken as 17. B = 2 m; D = 2.0 m

Substituting these values in the above equation; q (Allowable) = 323 kN / m^2 .

b) Settlement Criterion:

For a settlement of 40 mm (N = 17, B = 2.0 m),

Allowable bearing capacity = $12.25 \text{ N} [(B + 0.3)/B] = 239.5 \text{ kN} / \text{m}^2$.

Taking the lower of the two, Recommended SBC for foundations resting at 2.0 m depth is 25 t/m^2 .

For foundations in gravel at 3.0 m depth, SBC is recommended as 30 t / m².

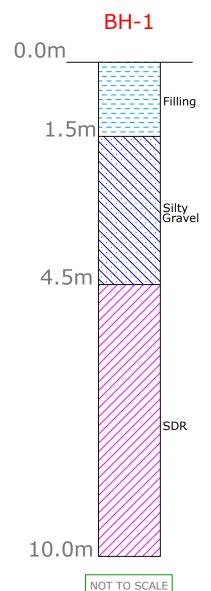
FIG:1 SITE PLAN SHOWING THE LOCATION OF BORE HOLE

Project: Proposed Building "Tamanna Havens" in MES Colony, Ram Nagar, Hyderabad

BH-1

FIG:2 LOG OF BORE HOLES

Project: Proposed Building "Tamanna Havens" in MES Colony, Ram Nagar, Hyderabad



GEO TECHNOLOGIES

Annexure-1 - FIELD BORE LOG CHART																									
Project: Avisun Properties LLP - Tamanna Havens - MEC COLONY, RANNAGAR							BORE HOLE NO. 1		Ground Level: Dia. Of Casing: NX																
Date : 01-04-2024									Water Table:																
Depth (m)		Length of Run	Description	Log of Bore	Depth	ampling oth Type	No. blows for Penetration of	N N		Total	tails of Rock core Total No. of % of co		RQD Value %	_		Rate of Drill Min/m									
From	То	(m)	(m)	(m)	(m)	(m)	(m)	(m)				(m)		(15-30-45)cm	Value	Pieces(cm)	Length (cm)	Pieces	Recovery		/0				
0.0	1.5	1.5	Filling		1.50	SPT	8-12-18	30							Reddish										
1.5	3.0	1.5	Ciltu Craval		2.50 3.00	D/S SPT	25cm/50blows	>50							Reddish										
3.0	4.5	1.5	Silty Gravel	Silty Graver		4.00 4.50	D/S SPT	18cm/50blows	>50							Reddish									
4.5	6.0	1.5	SDR	- SDR		5.50 6.00	D/S SPT	17cm/50blows	>50							Brownish									
6.0	7.5	1.5			SDR									7.00 7.50	D/S SPT	15cm/50blows	>50							Brownish	
7.5	9.0	1.5					8.00 9.00	D/S SPT	12cm/50blows	>50							Brownish								
9.0	10.0	1.0			9.50	D/S									Brownish										

SDR=Soft Disintigrated Rock

cm/50= no.of blows

sp=Small pieces vsp=Very Small Pieces

ANNEXURE - 2: IS CODES

- 1. IS: 1892 1962: Code of Practice for Site Investigations for Foundations.
- 2. IS: 2131 1981: Method of Standard Penetration Test for Soils.
- 3. IS: 2132 1986: Code of Practice for thin walled tube sampling of Soils.
- 4. IS: 4464 1985: Code of Practice for presentation of drilling information and core description in foundation investigations.
- IS: 3043 1987: Code of Practice for Earthing Clause 37: Measurement of Soil Resistivity.
- 6. IS: 2720 Part 4 1985: Methods of Test for Soils Part 4: Grain size analysis.
- 7. IS: 1498 1970: Classification and Identification of Soils for General Engineering Purpose.
- 8. IS: 2720 Part 29 1975: Methods of Test for Soils Part 29: Determination of dry density of soils by core-cutter method.
- IS: 2720 Part 2 1973: Methods of Test for Soils Part 2: Determination of water content.
- 10. IS: 2720 Part 13 1986: Methods of Test for Soils Part 13: Direct shear test.
- IS: 2720 Part 2 1985: Methods of Test for Soils Part 2: Determination of water content.
- 12. IS: 2720 Part 3 / section 2 1980: Methods of Test for Soils Part 3: Determination of Specific gravity; Section 2: Fine, Medium and Coarse Grained Soils.
- 13. IS: 2720 Part 7 1980: Methods of Test for Soils Part 7: Determination of water content Dry density relation using light compaction .
- 14. IS: 2720 Part 16 1979: Methods of Test for Soils Part 16: Laboratory Determination of CBR.
- IS: 9143 1979: Method for determination of unconfined compressive strength of rock materials.
- IS: 8764 1998 Reaffirmed 2008: Method for determination of Point Load Strength Index of rocks.
- 17. IS: 11315 (Part 2) 1987: Method for Quantitative Description of Discontinuities in Rock Mass Part 2: Spacing.
- 18. IS: 11315 (Part 11) 1985: Method for Quantitative Descriptions of Discontinuities in Rock Masses Part 11: Core Recovery and Rock Quality Designation.
- IS: 11315 (Part 12) 1992: Quantitative Description of Discontinuities in Rock Mass Methods – Part 12: Drill Core study.
- 20. IS: 12070 1987: Code of Practice for Design and Construction of Shallow Foundations on Rocks.
- 21. IS: 6403 1981: Code of Practice for determination of Bearing Capacity of Shallow Foundations.
- 22. IS: 8009 1976 (Part I): Code of Practice for calculation of settlements of Foundations.