

GEO TECHNICAL INVESTIGATION REPORT

REPORT No.: GT / 1936 / 2021-22

PROJECT: Proposed Construction of (S+5 Floors) Building at

Sri Sai Lingeshwara Officers Colony, Kandiguda,

Kapra, Sainikpuri

CLIENT: M/s Avisun Properties LLP

DURATION: May 2021

GEOTECHNICAL GEO TECHNOLOGIES

ISO 9001:2015 COMPANY

5-83/B, V. V. NAGAR

HABSIGUDA, STREET No. 8

HYDERABAD - 500 007

Tele/Fax: 040 - 42217757; M: 9347275255

Email: geotech999@gmail.com

Website: www.geotechnologies.in



CONTENTS

S.NO.	TITLE	PAGE
1.	INTRODUCTION	3
2.	FIELD INVESTIGATIONS	3
3.	LABORATORY TESTING	4
4.	RESULTS	4
5.	SUB SOIL PROFILE	4
6.	RECOMMENDATIONS	5
7.	TABLE-1: Results of lab testing of soil samples	6
8.	APPENDIX: Calculations for SBC	6
9.	FIG-1: Log of Bore hole	
11.	Annexure-1: Field Bore Log charts	
12.	Annexure-2: BIS (IS) Codes	



1. INTRODUCTION

M/s Avisun Properties LLP has engaged M/s Geo Technologies as Consultant to carryout soil investigation work for the proposed (S+5 Floors) building at Sri Sai Lingeshwara Officers Colony, Kandiguda, Kapra, Sainikpuri.

Soil investigation was carried out by drilling one (1) bore hole.

The results of these investigations and recommendations are presented in this Report.

2. FIELD INVESTIGATIONS

DRILLING:

150 mm / NX size rotary core drilling was performed. The size of the casing used was 150 mm / 90 mm.

All the field operations were conducted as per IS: 1892.

The boreholes were drilled at the locations shown in the site plan (Fig.1). Depth of drilling was 6.0 m.

Standard Penetration Tests (SPT):

Standard Penetration Tests were conducted in accordance with IS: 2131-1981, in soil and SDR layers, and SPT samples were collected.

Field Bore Logs:

All the details collected from the field operations are recorded in Field Bore Log Chart (devised by combining the Record of Boring of IS: 1892 and Drilling Log of IS: 4464). The field bore log charts are given in Annexure-1.

Collection of soil samples

Split-spoon samples and disturbed soil samples were collected from borehole at frequent intervals.

All the soil samples collected were properly packed, labeled and transported to Geo Technologies Soil Testing Laboratory at Hyderabad.



3. LABORATORY TESTING

The samples were tested at Soil Testing Laboratory of GEO TECHNOLOGIES at Hyderabad.

As the soil in the site is essentially coarse grained and cohesionless, the following tests were performed on the Soil samples:

- Specific gravity
- Grain size distribution
- Unit weight
- Direct Shear test

All the tests were conducted in accordance with IS Code: 2720 (various parts).

4. RESULTS

Fig. 1 gives the Log of bore hole.

Table 1 gives the results of lab tests of soil samples.

Appendix gives the calculations for SBC for foundations.

Annexure-1 gives the Field Bore Log Charts.

5. SUB SOIL PROFILE

Based on the single bore log data, the subsoil profile in the site is as follows:

Depth, m	Strata	N value
0.00 – 3.00	Silty gravel	36
3.00 – 4.50	Gravel	56
4.50 – 5.40	SDR	>50
5.40 – 8.40	Rock	Cores (CR: 85 – 87%; RQD: 46 – 75 %)

At the time of drilling, no water table was observed in the borehole.



6. RECOMMENDATIONS

The following recommendations are made for the proposed (S+5 Floors) building at Sri Sai Lingeshwara Officers Colony, Kandiguda, Kapra, Sainikpuri. These are based on one (1) borehole only.

1) The subsoil profile in the site is borehole as follows:

	100	
Depth, m	Strata	N value
0.00 – 3.00	Silty gravel	36
3.00 – 4.50	Gravel	56
4.50 – 5.40	SDR	>50
5.40 – 8.40	Rock	Cores (CR: 85 – 87%; RQD: 46 – 75 %)

- 2) At the time of drilling, no water table was observed in the borehole.
- 3) Based on soil conditions, Open foundations are recommended.
- 4) Safe Bearing Capacity is recommended as follows:

Depth of foundation below EGL, m	Foundations resting in	SBC, t / sq m			
2.0	Silty gravel	25			
3.0	Gravel	35			

- 5) This is based on the assumption of footings of width 2 m. The actual shape and size would be based on loads from the super structure.
- 6) Foundations should be backfilled with well-compacted gravelly morum.
- 7) These recommendations are based on a single borehole. In other locations, the soil conditions may be different, and hence all the foundation pits should be carefully examined by the structural designer to confirm SBC.

For GEO TECHNOLOGIES

(Dr. D. BABU RAO) M.E., Ph.D. (USA), FIE, MIGS Former Professor & Head of Civil Engineering Principal Geotechnical Consultant (Dr. N. VENKAT RAO)
M.Sc. Tech., Ph.D. FAEG, MIGS
Former Professor & Head of Geophysics
Geological Consultant & Proprietor



Project: Proposed (S+5 Floors) building at Sri Sai Lingeshwara Officers Colony, Kandiguda, Kapra, Sainikpuri

TABLE-1: Results of Lab testing of Soil samples

				Grain si	ze, Perce		Dire Shear	- 11	
BH No.	Depth, m	Soil	Sp. Gr.	Gr >4.75mm	Sa 4.75 to 0.075 mm	1.75 to .075 (Si+Cl) <0.075		С	Ø
BH-1	1.5	Silty gravel	2.66	39	27	34	18.2	12	32
	3.0	Gravel	=	53	40	7	=	10	33

Appendix: Calculation of SBC for Open foundations

Foundations at 2.0 m depth:

Assumed depth of foundation D = 2.0 m;

Assumed Width of foundation B = 2.0 m

Unit wt. r = 18.3 kN / cu m; Cohesion = 12 kN / sq m (Neglected); Φ = 32 degrees

Using IS Code 6403 -1981 formula for Isolated footings:

Nc' = 27.23

Nq' = 16.55 Nr' = 20.54

Net ult B.C. = 1.3 c' Nc' + r D (Nq' - 1) + 0.4 r B Nr' = 865 kN/ sq m

With a FS of 3, SBC = 288 kN / sq m

Recommended SBC for foundations resting at 2.0 m depth is 25 tonnes per sq m.

Foundations at 3.0 m depth:

Assumed depth of foundation D = 3.0 m;

Assumed Width of foundation B = 2.0 m

Unit wt. r = 18.6 kN / cu m; Cohesion = 10 kN / sq m (Neglected); Φ = 33 degrees

Using IS Code 6403 -1981 formula for Isolated footings:

Nc' = 29.37

Ng' = 18.39 Nr' = 23.55

Net ult B.C. = 1.3 c' Nc' + r D (Nq' -1) + 0.4 r B Nr' = 1320 kN/ sq m

With a FS of 3, SBC = 440 kN / sq m

Recommended SBC for foundations resting at 3.0 m depth is 35 tonnes per sq m.

Low SBC is recommended in view of inadequate sampling (single borehole).

6



Annexure-1

FIELD BORE CHARTS

GEO TECHNOLOGIES

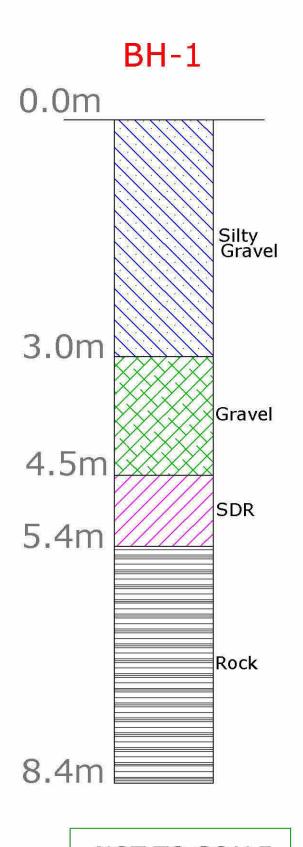
FIELD BORE LOG CHART																			
Project: Sainikpuri 1BH May-2021 Date : 11-05-2021					NO 1		Ground Level: Dia. Of Casing: 150mm/NX Water Table:												
3				Sampling SPT				Details of Rock core											
(n	(m) Len			Description		Log of Bore	Depth	Туре	No. blows for Penetration of	N	>10cm core	Total	No. of	% of core	RQD Value %	Avg. RQD %	Water colour	Rate of Drill Min/m	
From	То	(m)							(m)		(15-30-45)cm	Value	Pieces(cm)	Length (cm)	Pieces	Recovery		70	
0.0	1.5	1.5	Silty Gravel		1.00 1.50	D/S SPT	12-16-20	36							Red				
1.5	3.0	1.5	-		2.00 3.00	D/S SPT	16-25-31	56							Brownish				
3.0	4.5	1.5	Gravel		4.00 4.50	D/S SPT	18cm/50blows	>50							Brownish				
4.5	5.4	0.9	SDR		5.00	D/S									Brownish				
5.4	6.4	1.0		1			Core sample		25+21=46	80	2no+ small	80%	46%		Milky				
6.4	7.4	1.0	Rock	1			Core sample		35+40=75	85	2no+ small	85%	75%		Milky				
7.4	8.4	1.0		43			Core sample		15+40+12=67	87	3no+ small	87%	67%		Milky				

ANNEXURE - 2: IS CODES

- 1. IS: 1892 1962: Code of Practice for Site Investigations for Foundations.
- 2. IS: 2131 1981: Method of Standard Penetration Test for Soils.
- 3. IS: 2132 1986: Code of Practice for thin walled tube sampling of Soils.
- IS: 4464 1985: Code of Practice for presentation of drilling information and core description in foundation investigations.
- IS: 3043 1987: Code of Practice for Earthing Clause 37: Measurement of Soil Resistivity.
- 6. IS: 2720 Part 4 1985: Methods of Test for Soils Part 4: Grain size analysis.
- IS: 1498 1970: Classification and Identification of Soils for General Engineering Purpose.
- IS: 2720 Part 29 1975: Methods of Test for Soils Part 29: Determination of dry density of soils by core-cutter method.
- IS: 2720 Part 2 1973: Methods of Test for Soils Part 2: Determination of water content.
- 10. IS: 2720 Part 13 1986: Methods of Test for Soils Part 13: Direct shear test.
- IS: 2720 Part 2 1985: Methods of Test for Soils Part 2: Determination of water content.
- 12. IS: 2720 Part 3 / section 2 1980: Methods of Test for Soils Part 3: Determination of Specific gravity; Section 2: Fine, Medium and Coarse Grained Soils.
- 13. IS: 2720 Part 7 1980: Methods of Test for Soils Part 7: Determination of water content Dry density relation using light compaction .
- IS: 2720 Part 16 1979: Methods of Test for Soils Part 16: Laboratory Determination of CBR.
- IS: 9143 1979: Method for determination of unconfined compressive strength of rock materials.
- IS: 10785 1983: Method for determination of Compressive and Tensile Strengths of from Point Load Test of rock lump.
- IS: 11315 (Part 2) 1987: Method for Quantitative Description of Discontinuities in Rock Mass – Part 2: Spacing.
- IS: 11315 (Part 11) 1985: Method for Quantitative Descriptions of Discontinuities in Rock Masses – Part 11: Core Recovery and Rock Quality Designation.
- IS: 11315 (Part 12) 1992: Quantitative Description of Discontinuities in Rock Mass Methods – Part 12: Drill Core study.
- IS: 12070 1987: Code of Practice for Design and Construction of Shallow Foundations on Rocks.
- IS: 6403 1981: Code of Practice for determination of Bearing Capacity of Shallow Foundations.
- IS: 8009 1976 (Part I): Code of Practice for calculation of settlements of Foundations.

FIG:1 LOG OF BORE HOLES

Project: Sainikpuri 1BH May-2021



NOT TO SCALE